BELGRADE, May 20 (R). — U.S. Vice President Walter Mondale, on a two-day visit for talks with President Tito, today pledged his country's full backing for Yugoslavia's independence, unity and territorial integrity. Mr. Mondale was speaking at Belgrade airport on arrival from Vienna. Mr. Mondale said he was looking forward to his talks tomorrow with President Tito on world problems. Officials said these would include East-West detente, and the situations in Africa and the Middle East. Shortly after his arrival, Mr. Mondale felt ill. Mr. Mondale had a brief rest then continued with his engage-

Price: 50 fils

of Israel is eternal. There will

only be Israeli sovereignty be-

tween the Mediterranean and

the Jordan River."
Mr. Begin's Herut (liberty)

faction within Likud had dif-

ficulty in having this plank ado-

pted by the movement as a

Likud sources not linked to

Herut said there could be a

showdown within the movement on this issue, adding that

party critics would point to in-

evitable U.S. opposition to an

Israeli foreign policy along

these lines. Nearly half of Israeli elec-

tors voted for parties which

favoured territorial compromise

in exchange for peace -- and

discussions in the streets of

Begin, the man is a disaster for Israel," said a young graphic

His opponent in the argum-

ent, a middle-aged business-man, countered: "The Arabs only understand strength. At

least with Likud they know

where we stand. Labour may

have talked peace, but we cer-

tainly had four wars under La-

Likud itself was worried ab-

out Mr. Begin's public image.

It announced today that it wo-

uld send a mission abroad wi-

thin days to meet with Israeli supporters abroad, principally

Zairese troops

in the United States.

"I'm not going to war for

Tel Aviv were lively.

designer.

bour leadership.'

whole.

# Fahd heads for U.S. to discuss Mideast issue

RIYADH, May 20 (AFP). — Crown Prince Fahd Ibn Abdul Aziz left here today en route. for Washington for talks with U.S. President Jimmy Carter which will complete the president's consultations with Arab leaders on the Middle East.

Before leaving, the prince, who is also Saudi deputy pri-me minister, said he hoped his talks "will be useful and constructive as far as Arab na-tion problems in general are concerned and for Saudi-American relations in particular."

Commenting on the summit, Prince Fahd said it had enabled Saudi leaders to be briefed about President Carter's earlier talks with Mr. Sadat and Mr. Assad.

"I am very happy to state that Mr. Sadat and Mr. Assad were satisfied with their talks with the head of the American executive," he said.

Prince Fahd will visit London before going into Washin-gton for his two-day official visit on May 24. Three ministers are included in his delegation, Prince Sand Al Faysal, foreign affairs Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani, fuel, and Sheikh Mohamed Aba Al Kheil, finance and economy.

Yesterday the Middle East News Agency reported that the summit also discussed the situation in the Arab World following the rightist Likud Party victory in Tuesday's Israeli general elections.

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A former editorial chief of the influential Egyptian daily Newspaper Al Ahram today described the Fahd-Carter talks as the most important of Mr. Carter's consultations with Ar-

Writing in the Lebanese newspaper Al Anwar, Hassanein Heikal -- a former consellor to Mr. Sadat -- said only Saudi Arabia among the Arab states "held the American card" which was the top card in the

He stressed the importance of the timing of the Saudi "strongman's" visit, pointing out

Middle East pack

leaders and Mr. Carter's talks with his country's Western par-

It also came just as the Car-ter administration was defining its attitudes to a Middle East

The author added that Palestine Liberation Organisation leaders had given Prince Fahd a memorandum outlining their concept of a settlement, after Prince Fahd asked PLO leader Yasser Arafat in Riyadh early this month what answer he should give Mr. Carter if asked what the Palestinian claims

In London, Prince Fahd will have talks with Prime Minister James Callaghan on political and economic matters.

They will be held at Chequers, Mr. Callaghan's official residence, at a dinner for the prince and his delegation. Chancellor of the Exchequer Denis Healey, Trade Minister Ed-mund Dell, Industry Minister Eric Varley and Energy Minis-ter Tony Benn will attend. Foreign Office Deputy Minister Frank Judd will represent Foreign Secretary David Owen at the talks. Dr. Owen will be attending a European Economic Community (EEC) foreign ministers' meeting at Leeds Cartle in conthern England stle, in southern England.

Dr. Owen recently returned from Saudi Arabia where, according to the Foreign Office, he had friendly talks with Arleaders including Prince

er Bilbao Mayor Javier Yabarra

Y Berge, was kidnapped at br-

snatched by a group of kid-

namers believed to number se-

ven, at his home in a high-class

suburb of Bilbao, police said.

Mr. Ybarra Y Berge 63, was

eakfast time today.



BEGIN'S FAMILY -- Israel's Likud Party leader Menachem Begin with his daughter Lea (right) and wife Aliza after they left a meeting with the leader of the defeated Labour party Shimon Peres at the Ministry of Defence in Tel Aviv Friday. Begin had his car halt at the ministry's gate to answer questions. (AP wirephoot).

# Interviewed on Likud victory

# Sadat: Fundamental decision on Mideast issue is in Arab hands

Saudi Arabia and President Ha-

fez Assad of Syria were in full

ALEXANDRIA, Egypt, May 20 (R). — President Anwar Sadat of Egypt, after a summit in Riyadh with the leaders of Saudi Arabia and Syria, flew here today for talks with ano-ther Arab head of state, Su-

ency (MENA), President Sadat said he and King Khaled of

agreement on Middle East policy following the election vic-tory of the rightwing Likud Party in Israel. He said it did not really madan's President Jaafar Nimeiri. tter who headed the Israeli government, whether it was Li-In an interview on his plane with the Middle East News Agkud leader Menachem Begin,

former Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin or Labour Party leader Shimon Peres. We have agreed in Riyadh Gunmen kidnap leading that Begin is not different from Rabin," said Mr. Sadat. "They all adopt the same line.
--- There are no hawks or doves." Basque industrialist

MENA quoted the president as saying: "The Likud Party victory may have been an un-expected and surprising deve-lopment, but we should neither give it more than it really deserves nor completely ignore

He added: "Somebody might try to exploit the change in Israel, but I say let us be cautious and don't give matters more than they really deserve." President Sadat said Crown Prince Fahd of Saudi Arabia who left Riyadh today for Wa-shington by way of London would have talks with President Carter within the agreement the three leaders reached at

the summit. He told MENA: "The fundamental decision in the Middle East issue is in the hands of the Arabs."

But he said the United States had "almost all the cards" in influence over resumed Ge-

# Differences arise at Tripoli Islamic meet

TRIPOLL, May 20 (AFP). -Deep differences among Arab countries, and between some Arab and African countries, have been evident during eco-nomic debate at the Eighth Islamic Foreign Ministers Conference here this week, obser-

The poorest Islamic countries had been appealing for aid from richer brother nations. and several of the 38 delegates

Official sources here said Mr. Sadat will brief President Nimeiri on the Riyadh meeting. The two leaders will also discuss their strained relations with the Soviet Union. The sources added that Gen.

Nimeiri will tell the Egyptian leader about his talks with French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing earlier this week. During President Nimeiri's

visit to Paris, Sudan announced the expulsion of 90 Soviet military experts and asked Moscow to reduce its diplomatic staff in Khartoum.

Soviet Union today presented the United States with its vi-

ews on a new Strategic Arms

Limitation (SALT) agreement

and was promised a prompt re-

sponse, a U.S. spokesman said.

Soviet Foreign Minister And-

rei Gromyko personally laid out

the Russian position in the

third and what U.S. sources described as crucial session of

talks with Secretary of State

Cyrus Vance. No details of its

Mr. Vance promised to study

the Soviet position this after-

noon, and State Department sp-

okesman Hodding Carter said it could be assumed the secre-

tary of state would consult Pr-

contents were available.

# Begin will not form coalition with Labour

TEL AVIV, May 20 (R). — Rightwing leader Menachem Begin, who promises to increase Jewish settlement in the occupied West Bank -- which he terms a "liberated Jewish area" - today said he was no longer interested in forming a coalition government with the de-feated Labour Party.

Mr. Begin met the acting head of the outgoing govern-ment, Mr. Shimon Peres today, ostensibly for a 90-minute briefing on defence and foreign af-

Mr. Begin told reporters after the meeting that he had not asked Mr. Peres to bring his defeated Labour alignment into the broad national coalition that the victorious Likud bloc hopes to form after its election

He said he had decided against asking the Labourites to join in the coalition in view of their announcement yesterday that real differences existed between the two groups over occupied Arab areas and relations with both the United States and the Arab World.

Mr. Begin said in an interview with the newspaper Yediot Aharonot today that he was personally ready to lead an Israeli mission into peace negotiations with the Arab sta-

The former underground chief claimed that in pledging readiness to talk directly with Arab leaders about ways of bringing peace to the Middle East he was proving that he was no hard-liner.

'The intransigence appears to be coming from Arab leaders who talk of not yielding a single inch of territory," he

was quoted as saying.

Mr. Begin indicated that he

med Mr. Gromyko had consul-

ted the Soviet leadership befo-

re making today's hour-long

The two superpowers have

been trying for months to br-

eak an impasse on concluding

a new strategic arms agreem-

ent to replace the 1972 interim

pact which runs out next Oc-

The State Department spok-

esman said the Soviet prese-

ntation dealt with three pro-posals for what is called the

SALT Two agreement. The Ru-

ssians rejected two American

proposals put by Mr. Vance

in Moscow seven weeks ago

and Mr. Vance in turn turned

down a Soviet plan, and offici-als said both sides were now

trying to find a compromise.

sident Carter planned to con-

sult congressional leaders to-

day on the Soviet proposals.

The SALT talks were recessed yesterday for a "pause for reflection," apparently at the Soviet Union's request. The

two officials discussed a possi-

ble conference later this year. Today's disclosures did not

seem to move the situation be-

yond the position last night when there was growing Ame-

rican optimism, which some Soviet sources indicated they

shared, on the prospects for

In Moscow, Pravda said in

an editorial today "the succe-

some agreement

U.S. officials here said Pre-

presentation.

had no intention of carrying out any Israeli withdrawal from the West Bank, even in return for full peace. He described the region as "a liberated Jewish area," in a statement made yesterday at a controversial Jewish settlement near Nablus on the West Bank.

Mr. Begin's Likud group emanded from seneral sleptions

erged from general elections here on Tuesday as the coun-try's single largest political group with 43 seats in the 120member Knesset, according to still-unofficial results.

The Labour movement, which ruled Israel for 29 years, was hard-hit at the polls, retaining only 32 of 51 seats it held in the outgoing Knesset. The newly-founded Democratic Movement for Change (DMC) gained 15 seats, all apparently at Labour's expense.

Tough bargaining over the formation of a new government will start on Tuesday when Mr. Begin meets leaders of the DMC, which he hopes to woo into his coalition.

On election night, Mr. Begin called for the immediate opening of peace negotiations to which he invited the leaders of Syria, Egypt and Jordan. Likud favours territorial co-

mpromise with Syria and Egypt in exchange for full peace. Observers believed that, in Mr. Begin's view, negotiations with Jordan could only be to finalise the territorial status-quo on the West Bank. The West Bank is currently

inhabited by over 600,000 Palestinian Arabs. Likud's election campaign platform said that "Judea and

a new, second agreement on the limitation of strategic off-

ensive arms would be of funda-

mental importance. It would

give an impetus to further in-

ternational actions to restrain

terview with Moscow Televis-

ion last night the Soviet Uni-

on was doing everything it could to achieve a new agree-

ment which would benefit the

cause of peace in the world.

today's talks was expanded for the first time to include Lt.-

Gen. Edward Rowny, the rep-

resentative of the joint chiefs of staff to the SALT talks. This

was taken by diplomatic obse-

rvers as further evidence that

the talks had reached a critical

was not clear whether Mr. Van-

ce and Mr. Gromyko would

meet tomorrow, as he had pr-

Meanwhile, the U.S. and So-

viet delegations agreed to pos-

tpone until Tuesday the conclusion of subsidiary strategic

arms talks that began on May

11. The talks, earlier scheduled to end today, have been conducted by U.S. arms nego-

tiator Paul Warnke and Soviet

Deputy Foreign Minister Vladi-

mir Semvonov -- both of wh-

om were taking part in the

Gromyko-Vance discussions.

edicted yesterday.

The U.S. spokesman said it

The American delegation at

Mr. Gromyko said in an in-

the arms race."

recapture Samaria (West Bank) will not be returned to any foreign go-Kisenge town vernment because the right of the Jewish people to the land

Soviets present new SALT proposals KINSHASA, May 20 (AFP). -Zairese-Moroccan forces have recaptured the mining town of Kisenge, 70 kms from the An-golan border, it was officially announced here today. But the Zairese news agency rican talks aimed at concluding

> days to clear the town of mines laid by rebels who invaded the copper rich Shaba province over two months ago. Official sources said the Zairese-Moroccan spearhead was

said it would take at least eight

now only 38 kms from the border town of Dilolo and its capture was "imminent" the agency said.

Yesterday government forces recaptured Divuma, at a road junction linking with the manganese ore mine at Kisenge.

In a separate development the Congolese National Libera-tion Front (FLNC) in a communique issued in Brussels today confirmed that Zairese government forces had recaptured the town of Kasaji on May 11.

It alleged that Egyptian and French piloted Mirage jets had bombarded the town hand in a softening up operation.

But the communique said the struggle inside "Congo Kinsha-sa" would continue until President Mobutu Sese Seko's regime was defeated. The FLNC said a major offensive that will not spare the towns" was

The communique denied that the rebellion in Zaire's copperrich Shaba province had anything to do with Angola. Zaire has alleged that the rebels crossed into Zaire from Ango-

## The kidnappers, who were dressed in hospital clothing, it followed those of other Arab Italy's Democrats, Communists to agree on economic programme

ROME, May 20 (AFP). - Italy's ruling Christian Democrats today moved towards agreement with the Communist Party on a programme to tackle Italy's economic ills and the rising spectre of political vio-

Communist Party leader En-pico Berlinguer and Christian Democrat Secretary General Benigno Zaccagnini both reported they were moving closer to agreement on a number of points after a top-level meeting here. But Mr. Berlinguer stressed that "there are continuing divergences and difficulties ov-

to maintain public order and measures to counter violence. Mr. Zaccagnini indicated that

er many questions." Mr. Berlinguer underlined that leaders of the two parties were agreed both on the need

the Christian Democrats and

Communists had agreed that the negotiations should continue on a "restricted" basis at which experts from the two parties thrash out a number of problems.

hand, emphasised that the Communists wanted to speed up the negotiations and also wanted meetings that would include other "constitutional" par-ties. The Christian Democrat government headed by Premier Giulio Andreotti is a minority regime which stays in power thanks to abstentions by the Communists, Socialists and several small party groups.

Mr. Berlinguer, on the other

Mr. Berlinguer said his party wanted guarantees that any political programme worked out as a result of the negotiations would not remain a scrap of paper but would be carried out by the government.

MADRID, May 20 (AFP). — tied up a number of people of the Basque country's leading industrialists Ybarra form-caping in a car waiting nearby. There was confusion about

who was responsible for the abduction, which took place just hours before the government was due to meet today to discuss the question of militant Basque prisoners.

By early afternoon, no group had claimed responsibility for the kidnapping.

One theory was that it could have been the work of Basque ETA separatists, but there was also the possibility that it could have been carried out by a rightwing group with the intention of hardening the government's line on the Basque question.

The Communist Party said it was opposed to any acts ten-ding to "accelerate the process of violence" while the Maoistleaning Workers Revolutionary Organisation said the kidnapping could not help the Basque cause.

Rightwing organisations said the abduction was "one more step in the escalation of vio-

According to one of Mr. Ybarra Y Berge's sons two of the group guarded his father while three armed men went through the house waking sleeping people.

Members of the family were then assembled in the bed-rooms and tied to each other, mainly with handcuffs. Servants including the company chauffeur were gagged with sticking plaster.

esident Carter before responneva Middle East peace talks. ding later today.

vers said today.

headed at any one time by fo-reign ministers -- had also called for a new world economic order, the observers said.

ding to overshadow political

The economic debates, ten-

questions this year, had been marked by the readiness of Kuwait, despite previous major contributions, to allocate one per cent of its gross national product to the development of Islamic, particularly African, countries, an African source

"We hope that South Africa will not rely on any illusions that the U.S. will in the end

intervene to save South Africa from the policies it is pursuing, for we will not do so. I think the message is clear to the South African government. They know that we believe that perpetuating an unjust system is - Namibia (Southwest Afthe surest incentive to increase Soviet influence and even racial war but quite apart from that

it is unjustified on its grounds". "I cannot rule out the possibility that the South African government will not change, that our paths will diverge and our policies come into conflict should the South African government so decide".

"In that event we would take steps true to our beliefs and values. We hope to see prog-ress in Rhodesia, Namibia and South Africa. But the alternative is real. Much as we dislike it. For a failure to make progress will lead to a tragedy of human history".



SPEAKING HIS MIND -- U.S. Vice President Walter Mondale gestures as he answers questions at a press conference in Vienna Friday, after talks with South African Premier John Vorster.

### Africa from its Mondale: intervene

VIENNA, May 20 (AFP). United States Vice President Walter Mondale told South African Prime Minister John Vorster at the two-day summit talks here that the Carter administration wanted full inde-pendence in Rhodesia by the end of 1978 and there must be "one man, one vote" in South Africa itself.

Mr. Mondale said that the United States wanted a free independent Namibia (Southwest Africa) but in his talks with Mr. Vorster it was agreed that the five-nation contact group in Cape Town would meet before the end of this month regarding "profound dif-ferences" existing between Pretoria and Washington on this

The group would discuss a timetable for the withdrawal of South African troops in Namibia and of South African officials and structures. The vice president, addres-

sing a press conference, made it clear repeatedly "there must be progress on all these three issues unless there is a wor-sening of U.S. relations with South Africa".

Mr. Mondale said that his chief aim in the talks with Mr. Vorster was to "define the new U.S. policy and the depth and permanence" of the Carter administration's commitment to human rights. He said there "is a funda-

mental, basic and profound disagreement between" Washington and Pretoria on the meaning of "apartheid", as the U.S. accept this.

looked on this policy as clearly discriminatory but the South African government did not Mr. Mondale said "we want to make it clear that South Africa must not be under any illusion that the United States would come to its aid" in any way if it retained apartheid.

He said "apartheid is not

acceptable to us, we believe

it is inherently discriminatory". He warned that if there were no progress made on all three issues "it will be a tragedy of human history". Vice President Mondale said

he did not go into any details with Mr. Vorster on what steps the U.S. would take if there were no progress, or insufficient progress on South Africa itself over "full participation" of blacks in that country. He said that this phrase in fact meant the same as "one man, one vote".

On Zimbabwe (Rhodesia) he announced a fundamental change in the new U.S. policy with the former Kissinger pa-ckage deal which talked about a special fund being available to whites if they wanted to quit their homes and jobs when Rhodesia had majority rule. He said that such a fund would be available for an indenendent free Zimhabwe for building up the new state's economy and structures.

Mr. Mondale said no further meetings were planned with Mr. Vorster either by himself or by Mr. Carter. He said the talks were "can-

did and frank and non-confrontational". But he made it clear to Mr. Vorster that in South Africa

there must b ean elimination of discrimination, full political participation and a review of the position on political deta-Mr. Mondale made the following points on three specific

key issues:

—Zimbabwe-Rhodesia, Mr. Voster agreed to support joint British and U.S. efforts towards an independence constitution and transitional arrangements with "one man, one vote" election. He said that Zimbabwe "can be independent by the end of 1978". He addes that "every effort will be made to bring about an end to

the development fund differs from the previous Ford administration. We are not buying out white settlers with this fund. We see extra cash as a development fund to build up the economy of an independent Zimbabwe".

rica). United States wants free elections by all citizens of Namibia for a constituent assembly which would draw up an independence constitution. The Southwest Africa Peoples Organisation (SWAPO) would be allowed to take part and the United Nations would be involved in the election process. The South African accepted this and Mr. Mondale said this was "encouraging".

 South Africa. "Prospects are much less bright for progress toward the change of course which we believe is essential to provide justice, stability and peace in that country".

# An independent Arab political daily

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# The triumph of prejudice (II)

This is the second of a two part editorial on the results of the Israeli general elections.

All in all, it looks as though slightly over half of the next Knesset will be composed of staunch rightist and extremist religious parties, who make a virtue of prejudice and a mockery of the quest for peace. Whereas foreign policy was not ranked as the top item in the election campaign, it still had by no means a negligible role to play.

The results at the polls in fact served to confirm reports that had been coming out of Israel recently concerning a growing conviction among Israelis in most walks of life that when all was said and done they wanted to hold on to much of the territory captured from the Arabs in 1967; primarily the West Bank -- it was not peace but territory that they valued.

Seemingly the majority of the electorate was not bothered by moral qualms concerning the annexation of Arab territory, just as many were not bothered about voting for Mr. Menachem Begin, a former Irgun terrorist, who led the Likud in the general elections.

For many Israelis, holding on to the occupied territories was a known factor and something they could live with, that they found desirable in fact. Perhaps they got tired of making up excuses.

Harking back to Gen. Ezer Weizman, one of the top figures in Likud, who saw the Labour Alignment's political gymnastics to maintain a dovish image as just so much hypocracy: "The Labourites, and other alleged doves, should stop invoking the question of security, which opens the way to sterile debates and bargaining. Why don't they come out and say frankly, as we do, that the West Bank is Jewish and will remain so?" he was quoted as saying by the French daily Le Monde recently.

Many people were no doubt waking up to the fact that the much vaunted peace that the Labour Party claimed to be diligently persuing was just a front, a put-on for foreign consumption, and a coverup for its own indecision. Mr. Weizman's argument was convincing.

The likely fate of the West Bank and of peace in the Middle East was not resolved by soul-searching on the part of the Israeli electorate but by delivering the whole matter into the hands of a group of parties whose election platforms promised no withdrawal from the West Bank, and no concessions to the Arabs -- no meaningful ones at any rate.

The majority of Israelis were at last admitting that they did not want peace. The electorate did not overthrow "the establishment" to replace it with young blood; the majority of the voters threw both caution and reason to the winds and opted for men whose decisiveness is a cloak for blind self-indulgence.

## ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

AL RA'I says that one positive phenomena related to the Arab reaction towards the results of the Israeli general election is that Arab states mostly concerned with the Israeli general election have averted from emotional and quick reac-

That is why "we see a minisummit conference in Riyadh, gathering three Arab leaders, and at the same time His Majesty King Hussein meets Sultan Oabus of Oman : a series of top level meetings that "we hope will expand to include all

Arabs," the paper says.

The paper says that the Arabs are recalculating their position and the international diplomatic scene giving the United States its well known weight, and the Soviet Union its role as well, to resolve the

Middle East problem by peaceful means.

But, the paper says the real weight of the problem remains in the hands of the Arabs alone, for it is their prime pro-AL DUSTOUR says that the

meeting Thursday between His King Hussein and his brother Sultan Qabus represents the good and brotherly relations between the two countries. The two leaders' points of view concerning the security of the Gulf and the Red Sea are identical, and they both have the same assessment of the international political scene as well. Thus the meeting between the two leaders assumes a major role in bilateral relations and in support for Arab soldarity against Zion-



# JORDAN TIMES Does Panama's leader really want a treaty with U.S.?

Hailed as a hero when he seized control of the government and promised to take the canal from the United States, Panama's Gen. Omar Torrijos has yet to deliver. And Panamanians are growing weary after nearly a decade under military rule.

By Hodgson Budd

PANAMA CITY (Gemini). -Scrawled on the walls in this tropical capital are slogans protesting against the recent-ly-imposed 5 per cent sales tax. In many cases they have been painted over carefully-lettered government signs proclaiming Panama is sovereign in the canal zone."

Suddenly Panamanians do not seem to care very much about the canal issue. They are worried more about economic matters, a decline in investment, rising unemployment and most of all about an increasingly repressive govern-

ment. Complaint can be dangerous. Scores of Panamanians have been jailed for criticising the government. Some have simply disappeared. Hundreds have been exiled. Last September when a group of students staged a protest rally, 500 were arrested and the universities

Civil liberties have been suspended. The press is censored. And opposition to nearly a decade of military rule is grow-

"If the U.S. were sincere about its concern for human rights, it would suspend negotiations for a new canal treaty," says Mr. Braulio Lecayo, an exiled journalist living in Mexico City. "Any agreement reached with the military will be repudiated once civilian rule is restored to Panama. No one elected these soldiers to speak

The soldiers are headed by Gen. Omar Torrijos, top man in Panama's National Guard. In 1968 he took over the government through a coup d'etat, promising to force the U.S. to sign a new canal treaty. While Gen. Torrijos was never elected, he certainly appeared to have most of the country behind him during the early years

"He was very clever," says Mr. Nubia Garcia, a bank executive and one of Gen. Torrijos' most outspoken critics. "He indicated there would be a return to civilian rule once a new treaty was signed. Few people objected to that.

"What we didn't realise is that he would make demands the U.S. could never accept. That way no treaty will ever be signed and he has an excuse to try to hold on to power for the rest of his life.'

Resentment over the present canal treaty, signed in 1903, has been festering for years. Biggest objection is to the canal zone which stretches for five miles from either side of the waterway across the 50mile wide isthmus. As things now stand, it is leased "in perpetuity" to the U.S.

The zone is very much an



cators; one merely crosses a street to leave Panama City and enter Balboa. Balboa is a bit of the U.S., much like a small community in Alabama or Texas. Signs on the wide, tree shaded streets are in English. It has its own laws and lawcourts, its own police and fire brigades and its own postal

system. Until 1964, only the Stars and Stripes flew in the zone. That year a mob of Panamanians marched in to raise their own banner. The incident touched off a riot in which 24 Panamanians and Americans were killed.

Diplomatic relations were severed and restored only after Washington authorities in agreed first that the flags of the two countries should fly side-by-side in the zone and second that a new treaty be negotiated

Coming up with a new treaty would be difficult in the best of circumstances. Conservatives in the U.S. insist on maintaining the status quo. Only the most radical Panamanians want the Americans to leave quickly.

The general feeling within Panama seems to be that while the canal and the zone are an affront to Panamanian soverignty, they are also the key to the country's prosperity. Panama objects to the U.S. maintaining 17 military bases within the zone, for example, but the presence of these bases -- the money spent by their personnel -- are important to Panama's economy.

It was after four years of apparently futile talks about a new treaty that Gen. Torrijos grabbed control of Panama's government. His only concern, he declared, was to get a new treaty that would restore dignity to Panama. Sneering at his predecessors, he boasted: "In the new Panama you will find

another canal treaty are still

going on. In the interim, Gen. Torrijos has proved to be in inept, and some would say, corrupt administrator. From the beginning he infuriated Panama's small but powerful wealthy classes. They opposed such populist measures as building public housing. As a result, productive new investment dried up. Unemployment has so-

Once the military took over, they sacked many professional bureaucrats. The soldiers then found they could not cope and called the bureaucrats back.

"Corruption is worse than ever", claims Mr. Rafael Guitierrez, a construction engineer. "People in civil service openly ask for bribes now. Anyone who complains can be arrested as a subversive for criticising the regime."

Gen. Torrijos himself is not above suspicion although as chief of government he scarcely needs to steal. He has the prerogatives of an absolute monarch. Nonetheless, his enemies are fond of pointing out, he has named a close relative to run the agency which operates all the gambling casinos in the country

And the general is said to own a firm which tins Australian heef and sells it to the U.S. as Panamanian (benefitting from lower tariffs).

The U.S. government supnosediv knows all about this but willingly looks the other way. Many Panamanians are convinced Washington wants to keep Gen. Torrijos in power. Although the general the loudest for a new treaty, the feeling is he really doesn't want one. If he got a treaty, he would be under pressure to restore civilian rule, but Gen. Torrijos seems to like the job too much to want to quit.

# Absurdity's loophole

# Importance of being important

I don't suppose that my death, when it finally comes, shall make a difference to the stability of the world. But I didn't think so always. Years ago I used to earnestly believe that when my life would finish, the world will

I had given the matter a lot of thinking before I came to this conclusion, although admit that I didn't go as far as to commit suicide to prove it once for all. I hit upon a cogent argument which went like this: The world, the totality of the world that I speak of, is the world that I experience; no more and no less. My experience of the world ceases when I die. Therefore, when I die, the world passes from my experience; it ends.

I used to recite this argument in proof of my belief whenever I was challenged and I noticed that the only reaction I ever got was a laugh and prolonged silence. Hence, I concluded that my argument was irrefutable .. otherwise it would have been answered. Since what is irrefutable must be true. I believed that I must be right: My death will be the end of the world. From this, it was a short step to see that since my own existence was of supreme importance to the continued existence of the world I had a moral duty to remain alive lest the world plunge into utter destruction.

Once the idea established itself in my mind I began to see that every breath of mine amounted to a moment of split-second difference between life and death for the world's inhabitants; that every action I made was hallowed with divine significance; that every decision I took could make or break the destiny of countless millions; and that every gesture I consented to perform was a razor's edge bridge between heaven and hell. But the most important implication of my discovery was the fact that the minutest disturbance to my equilibrium held the world's fate in balance: If anyone were to irritate me it was not a question of whether I was going to be angry or not, but a question of how blind humanity could be in failing to see the grave dangers it was unleashing upon itself by this threatening the stability of the world.

But the more I became aware of the intricate details of the supreme importance of my life the more I noticed, from the way they behaved, that other people seemed to entertain the preposterous notion that their own, very insignificant, lives were important for the world's existence. Without reason and without logic they put on airs exactly like my own. It was obvious that their insignificant lives mattered nothing to anything but their own insignificant, little persons -- because they were not I -- yet, incredible as it was, they affected exactly the same behaviour as I did. For instance: I considered it a blasphemy

for anyone to interrupt me while m the midst of delivering a narrative of my very important experiences in any particular field. I would make sure the blasphemer was aware of the crime he had committed by giving him a

serious, but impatient look. However, I began to notice that whenever I interrupted someone's long and tedious narrative of uninterest-

By Bassam Bishuti

one's long and tedious narrative of uninteresting experiences -- despite their futile attempts at flavouring it with witty anecdotes and funuy asides -- they would give me the same "you are blaspheming" look!

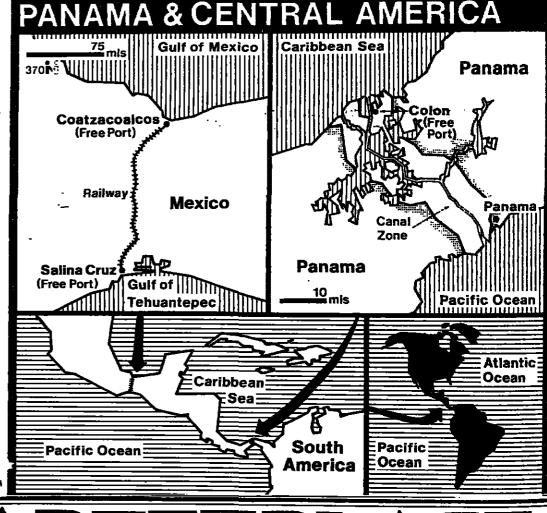
Similarly, I always knew that whenever anyone opposed any of my studied opinions about any subject, it was only because such persons failed to understand the depths of genius that lie behind the simplified way in which I delivered my opinion. My usual reacwhich I delivered my opinion. My usual reac-tion in such a situation was to put on my wiseman's look". This was designed to communicate my tolerance of the ignorance of the person in question; that I will allow him to speak his confused mind, but that I will repeat my opinion again -- since no other opinion would do. However, to my stupefaction, I noticed that other people were giving me the same reaction, complete with the "wiseman's look". whenever I opposed any of their unimportant

It was flabbergasting! Even the short deliberately-nervous laugh which I usually uttered when some fool in my environs made an obvious mistake -- since I considered this was the best way to indicate to the person that his failure had been noticed but shall be forgiven - became a regular feature in the reaction of people around me whenever I was discovered to have made a mistake -- of course they wouldn't begin to understand that I could never make a mistake unless I had been worried stiff about the fate of the world and gotten myself tired trying to prevent an impending world disaster.

Since I was sure that they were too simple to have learnt to put on these airs by observing me, I began to see that these people must really believe that their experiences, their opinions and their infallibility were matters of crucial importance and that, consequently, these people were under the impression that their lives were of importance to the world.

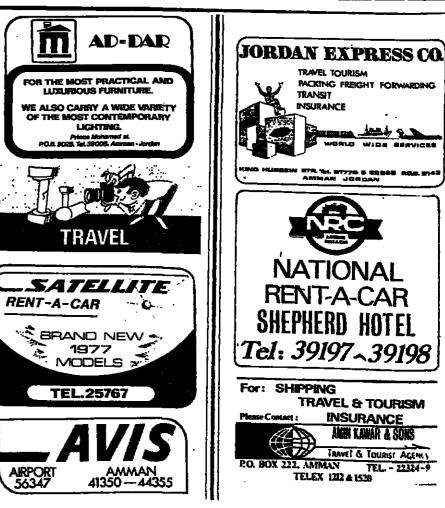
I faced a dilemma. The answer had to be one of two: Either I was mistaken about my own importance for the world, or the world's continued stability hinged upon the existence of these other people. When I saked them, each and every one of them immediately denied that his or her existence was of crucial importance to the world. It followed, therefore, that I must have been mistaken about my opinion of myself. Hence, I no longer consider that my death, when it finally does come, shall make much of a difference to the world.

But, I confess, it intrigues me that other people continue to look serious and impatient when I interrupt them, still attempt to look tolerant of my ignorance when I oppose their opinions, and still laugh when they discover that I had made a mistake. Could it be, I wonder, that it was really their existences upon which the world subsisted all along. regardless of the modesty with which they deny the fact if you ask them?









AND CONTROL OF THE PROPERTIES OF THE P

هڪدا صن النَّصل

# Zenobia, Queen of Palmyra, graces your televis

Beautiful, powerful, graceful... And the most astonishing woman in antiquity. Zenobia, Queen of Palmyra, is going to be revived in all her splendour in an impressive 13part serial produced by Jordan Television. The Jordan Times recently met the director of the show, Adnan Ramahi, and its star, Lebanese actress Nidal Ashkar, who will personify Zenobia-

## By Irene Ramadan Special to the Jordan Times

Jordan Television was very ambitious in producing a serial of such a high artistic standard, which could even break through the frontiers of the Arab World to reach a Westem audience. "We were offered all the facilities needed for such a project by Jordan Tele-vision Director Mohammad Kamal," explained Director Adnan



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Adnan Ramahi: Directing Zenobia.

**QABUS OFF TO AQABA** 

His Majesty King Hussein and Omani ruler Sultan Qabu

visit. (JNA photo).

tian cear

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the camera before boarding their flight to Aqaba Friday. A number

of members of the royal family and top officials also accompanied

them to the coastal resort. Sultan Qabus is here on a short private

To guarantee success, nothing has been left to hazard. provided by the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC). Among them are many dresses worn by Elizabeth Taylor in "Anthony and Cleopatra". Moreover, a designer from the BBC -- Martin Kramer -- came to Amman specially to su-

pervise the work. The famous Lebanese actress, Nidal Ashkar -- whose name is very much associated with the boom in Lebanese theatre -- will take the leading role. The script has been written by historian Georges Mas-rough. Adnan Ramahi worked on the scenario and the script, and dramatic structure is being supervised by Dr. Abdul Rahman Yaghi, professor of modern literature at the University of Jordan.

The cast will include some of the best actors in the Arab World. From Jordan, there will be Nadim Sawalha -- an actor who has played alongside Sean Connery in "The Wind and the Lion" and Glenda Jackson in "A Touch of Class" -- Jawdat Saleh and Mohammad Al Abbadi. Also starring are Tayeb Al Sadik from Morocco; Abdulah Gaith from Egypt; Ra-

truth of historical facts. 'In acting and staging, we

"We have concentrated on individuals: Making them as

## A Human Being

Zenobia, the warrior, fights for a small weak state against two cosmopolitan powers to retain its dignity and indepen-

"But for us, Zenobia, who is leading the battle, is above-

### KING SENDS CONDOLENCES TO JANBEK **FAMILY**

AMMAN (JNA). - His Majesty King Hussein delegated the Secretary General of the Royal Hashemite Court, Mr. Yussef Buran, to present his condolen-ces to the Janbek family on the death of the late Ismail Amin Janbek Friday.

shid Assaf and Mahmoud Diasgaz from Syria; and Fuad Naim and Imad Farid from Lebanon.

#### "Zenobia", Not "Al Zabba"

Syrian Television is also helping in this production. Syrian Television has in fact already made a black and white serial called "Al Zabba", which deals with one legend of Zenobia. "Al Zabba", however, was a bedouin woman who fought for revenge amongst bedouin tribes, whereas Zenobia, Queen of Tadmor (Palmyra), was fighting against Rome and Persia for the independence of her

What, then, is the approach of Zenobia chosen for Jordan

"In films and on television there are two ways of dealing with historical events," Adnan Ramahi said. "One shows his-tory as it is with all the dark angles and the petty details, while the other uses historical events to impose modern ideas.

"Our Zenobia is neither this

"We tried to highlight events and personalities in depth that the audience can see a real human situation in which people lived and fought for moral and political decisions. We also tried to stick to history as it was. But we only se-lected events which served the

also put aside the show aspect: Spectacular battles, big pasophisticated gather-

real as possible according to all documents available."

## Above All

The serial tells the story from the moment the King of Palmyra, Odenath -- Zenobia's husband -- fights against Persia in support of Rome. But in fact, he is playing a double game to liberate his country. After Odenath dies. Zenobia takes over to continue the fight. First, she unites the Arab tribes and the Syrian cities. She beats the Roman legions and builds a kingdom. She also co-nquers Egypt. Then the Ro-mans, led by Aurelius make a counter-attack. After much courageous resistance, she falls

prisoner to Aurelius, while she

is on her way to ask for Persian aid. By acepting to be-

all a human being," added Ad-

nan Ramahi. In one of the

scenes she says: "I am a tree who lives, blossoms, shelters people and becomes bare...".

tional hero who shows only he-

roism. She is a challenging lea-

She is not the classical na-

come a prisoner, she is saving

## Minerva or Venus?

Lebanese actress Nidal Ashkar: Impetuous and sprightly like Zenobia.

A leader, a politician, a warrior, a woman, a wife, a mo-ther... Zenobia was all this at the same time. So far, no one can say if she is more a Minerva or a Venus.

Adnan Ramahi, a graduate of the Film Academy in Berlin, who has made many important productions for Jordan Television, talks about the se-

-- "As a director, 'Zenobia' is a challenge for me. The best way of portraying this ancient and famous heroine is to highlight the reactions of events on the minds and hearts of the heros. Instead of showing these events themselves through technical attractions like great battles, impressive decor and scenic effects, I want the audience to see Zenobia -- and those who surround her -- suffering, thinking, smiling and facing difficult situations with

honour, courage and realism.

CAR FOR SALE

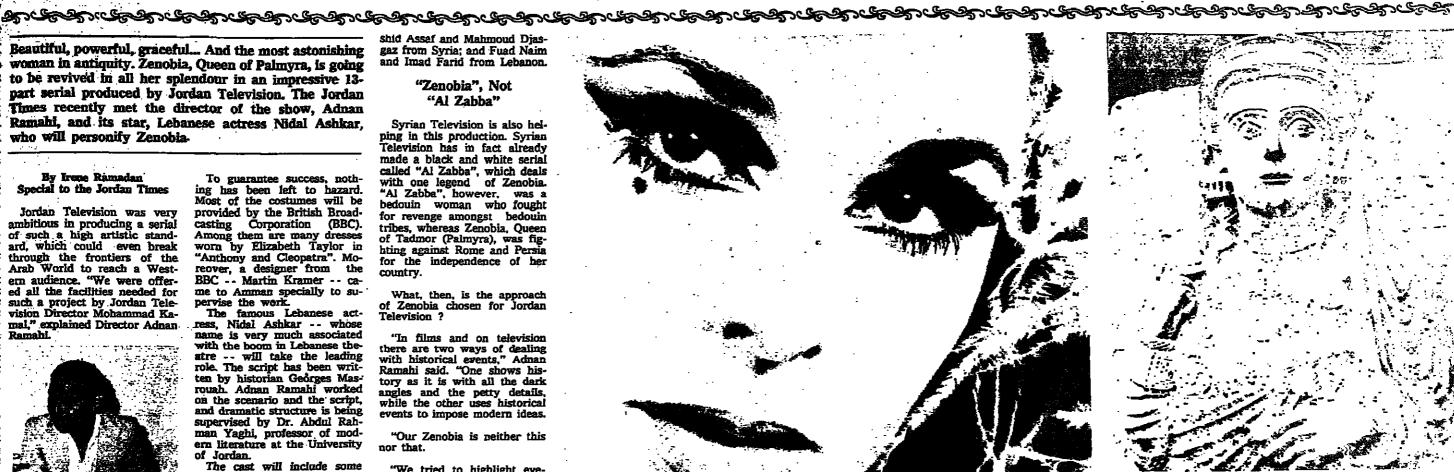
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or contact Sunrise Supermarket near the Sports City.



Strange enough Ridal Asiikar, an impetuous women and brilliant actress, is very similar to Zenobia as dercribed by the Roman historian Trebellius Pollion in 300 A.D. Like Zenobia, Nidal Ashkar is a brunette with v clear and manly voice, her eyes flash fire, her teeth are pearly, and she is extremely sprightly and lively.

Zenobia was also as bold as her husband. Most the time she was riding a horse, but she could also wallthree or four kilometres with her soldiers.

She used to live a luxurious life, drinking from golden vases. She appeared in public like a Roman emperor wearing a purple coat and a shining helmet.

Zenobia was at the same time very fond of culture. Besides her own language, she spoke fluent Egyptia::. Greek and Latin. Longine was her philosophy tracher.

### On the occasion of the silver jubilee of H. M. KING HUSSEIN

under the patronage of H.E. the Minister of Tourism and Antiquities Mr. Ghaleb Barakat

### Professor Giorgio Gullini

will hold a lecture with slides Italian archaeological activities in the M.E.

Saturday, May 21, 5:30 p.m. University of Jordan – Samir Rifai Auditorium.



RESTAURANTS

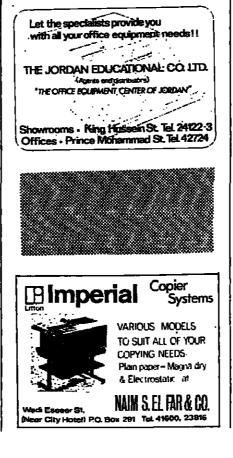


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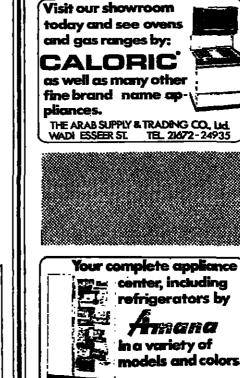
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# Lord Ryder dains letter is forged

# indicting Lepland for bribery

LONDON, May 20 (R). — The Daily Mail newspaper yesterday claimed that British Leyland has paid out millions of pounds in "slush money" in every continent except North

America. Enterprise Board, the govern-ment agency which has a 95 per cent stake in Leyland, de-nounced as a forgery a letter which formed the centre piece of the Mail's story and which he is alleged to have written. Board Chairman Lord Ryder

was quoted by the rival Dally. Express newspaper as saying: "There is no question of this letter being genuine. It will be the easiest thing in the world to prove it is a forgery."

Libya, Italy shelve trade deal over drilling stop

ROME, May 20 (R). - The Libyan Jamahiriyah (formerly Libya) has shelved magatiations on a huge trade deal with Italy because an Italianoperated oil rig has stopped drilling off the Libyan coast. a top Libyan government offi-cial said Thursday.

Major Abdul Salam Jalloud. former premier and now a me-mber of the four-man general secretariat of the General Pe-

> LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

change rates in effect at the start of today's business day. as set by the Central Bank of

The first column is how much you would receive in Fordanian fils for selling a unit of the foreign currency, while the second column denotes how much it would cost you to buy a unit of the foreign currency:

U.K. sterling U.S. dollar 330.0 German mark 140.0 French franc Swiss franc Italian lira (for every 100) Saudi riyal Syrian pound Iraqi dinar

The scorab left his resident five days ago following fiers. That the Libyans and salled in another drilling platform to continue the work, the spokesman said. He was how-131.0 37.3 93.3 93.5 Lebanese pound 107.5 81.0 Kuwaiti dinar 1,146.0 1,150.C Egyptian pound 460.0 Libyan dinar 760.0 UAE dirham 84.6 465.0 770.0 85.0

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

rist rates will differ from those quoted below.

2.5180 5200

885.95/896.15

4.9535/55

277,10/30 4.3595/3605

6,0110 35

Prices closed lower again Friday on the New York stock exchange, where the industrial average lost accut six points in moderate trading.

Investors, who are still worried over interest rates overs the encouraged today by the publication of two statistics: A 0.8 per cent rise in the consumer price index in April and a slight decline

Losers led gainers at the bell by a 787 to 380 margin, as most

At the close, the industrial average shows at 951.40 a loss of 6.02 points: Transp at 245.03, a loss of 0.15; utilities at 111.74 a loss of 0.10, 18,950,000 shares changed hands, of which 8.446,000

The market closed Friday widely lower on and account profit taking, rights usue fears and the increased April retail price figures, dealers said.

Government stocks lost around 3/4 to 7/9 point in longs while shorts fell 1/4 to 3/8, also affected by the unchanged mini-

mum lending rate. Leading industrials were led lower of Beecham

off 20p on further concern over yesteroay's results. At 15:00 the

shares were steady to a shade harder in line with the yord buillion price. Australians were mild and Canadians easier.

Price of gold closed in London Friday at \$197.35/cz.

Oils and banks followed the lower tendency, while mining

One sterling = 1.7175/77One dollar = 2.3585/95 2.4555/70

in new durable goods orders last menth

groups of shares closed on a weaker tone.

F.T. index was down 9.3 at 458.5.

during the last hour.

Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies against the dollar at the close of inter-tank trading on the London foreign euchange market Friday. Tou-

In the letter fired. Tyder, who has been a 12 there from heliday with a Grace heliand of Corfe was a eyed to have referred to less said above. have referred to tark-mail account arrongements —— which the Mari sets meant in bus to secure coursess. The revergers of its The revergers of its letter today — it arrow into into letter today — it arrow into into a ceiling miscakes — along with other documents which the 1191 survival shift that the cure-countries shift that the cure-countries is a countries of the countries of

gest exported mule perfolis at win the reasons business.

However, a Lepland group executive told SBC chiay that Nine-tenths of the Dally bleff story on Lepland britary may may probably right.

opie's Congress, told a news

opie's Congress, total a news conference here that the trut-ti-million follar cast was be-ing heid up because I aly not stopped drilling by its state-owned ENF Company in the Gulf of Gabes, which is dis-puted by neighbouring Tuni-sia.

Operations by the Parameter

operations by the featred platform were halted in February ofter a Tunisian may ship ordered Italian engineers to stop work there, and unions have since record any

resumption until workers' sa-

"I am sorry to say that at the moment what or were ready to conclude an agreement on oil, commerce, solution of the scarab came up." Major Jahrur said.

"Te insist the the scarab came up." continues its world in the scarab came in the scarab came and the insist the scarab came and the insist the scarab came agreement to the scarab came indicated c

ce indicated in the basis the agreement signed."

A spokesman for Ente Nu-zionale idrocarburi (ENI), sta-te-owned parent company of the drilling unit, solid the scarab had stayed where in

was for three months making for developments in the ter-

rithrial dispute between Libya and Tunisia.

ever unable to give any de-

tails about the new Crilling

platform or the ecompany spe-

West German marks Dutch guilders

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French trancs

Swedish crowns

Norwegian crowns.

italian lira Japanese ven

fety is guaranteed.

The hadis used the encounce ished to remain anonymous be said paying our menu; to circal continues was content facility by norm British and lower firms. This was particularly union the case of Middle Dasi and wife in the main orders.

Lest art. Air lan orders.
According to the radio, the receives was against borning such provides, which enabled legisland to fight its competition in the export field.
Receive swiftly to the press tout Prime Staister James Chinal to the the Prime Staister James Chinal to the the House of Character Shall decrease had

Commans that corruption had to be "morted out."

Industry Minister End Variey said the government was "to-city upposed in any furn of bribery or corruption"

and Si cribery of corruption and "will not tolerate any or-mer-up of these matters."

The affair was reportedly discussed by the cabinet this mo-ring and Mr. Dell, Trade Secretary, was said to have orcered an urgent in restigation and chick results.

Mr. Variey, the Industry Minister, said in the House of Commons this afternoon that he fully approved a sta-tement in which the National Enterprise Board said it had "no knowledge of the matters referred to in the alleged letter or in the articles in the Daily Mail commenting on the ullaged leter."

The conservative spokesman for industrial offairs. Sir Keith Joseph, asked the government to provide a full explanation, and another conservative M.P. called for a legal in-

Leftwing Labour M.P.'s claim that the bribery charge was on attempt to discredit a na-tionalised company and lead-ing members of their group. Eric Heffer, counter attacked by affirming that payment of bribes was above all made by private firms and that an inquiry was needed into the commercial practices of multinational companies.

# ECONOMIC

\*\* NEW DELFII, May 20 (AFP). - India and China have decided It resume blisteral trade after a gap of nearly 15 years, an offi-cial announcement said today. The resumption was marked by the signing of a contract for the export of 600 tons of shellac to China by the government-owned State Trading Corporation (STC), the announcement said.

· BACTLESVILLE, Oklahema, May 20 (AFP). - Four oil compunies have formed a consertium to prospect for off-shore oil in Mauritania, Phillips Petroleum said here yesterday. The compa-nies are Phillips, Getty Oil, Italy's state-owned Agip, and Spain's Espanoil. They each have 25 per cent interests in the operation, high is being directed by Hispanoil. The prospecting area covers withe \$4,000 square itms, in the Cape Blanc region off Nouadhibou

ay WASHINGTON, May 20 (AFP). — The World Bank yesterday concurred a \$15 million loan to the Philippines to assist the goterrations in making the best use of remaining public land suitable for settlement by small farmers in three areas of the country.

 BRUTSELS, Mcg. 20 (R). — Nearly two years after Greece's application for membership and two months after Portugal asked Join. Common Market foreign ministers this weekend finally get down to studying the far reaching impact of a further Euro-reco Community enlargement. A second wave of enlargement, given the present lack of cohesion among the nine, could change I'r some the fundamental nature of the community.

LONDON, May 26 (AFP). - Codul today for the first time fetched more than \$3,000 a ton on the London Commodity Market as a result of a price rise triggered by the latest joits on the coffee market. Six months ago, cocoa prices hit the £2,000 mark for the first-time.

THE SHE

# Indonesia fiegzes price until year's and

would have the way to ending

the current two-flor prices on the world murkets.

"Our decision is to help preserve unity and solidarity of all the OPEC members," he said

Mr Sadh also announced that indenese's oil production had increased from 1.5 million

barrels per day last year to

1.7 million barrels per day this

JAKARTA, May 20 (Rr. + The Indonesian government to day announced it had decided freeze its oil prices until the

end of this year.

Mining Minister Mohammad
Sodii to'd newsmen that the government had abandoned its plan to increase oil prices by five per cent as from July 1. 11 OPEC members, including Indonesia, increased their prices by 10 per cent last Jan-

uary and planned to up the prices by another five per cent from July 1. Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) raised their oil prices by only five per cent last January, thus creating a two-tier price system.

Mr. Sadii said it was hoped that the Indonesian move

## Carter's tax rebate plan seen doomed

WASHINGTON, May 20 (R). - President Carter's proposal to reward buyers of fuel-saving small cars with tax rebates is doorned in Congress, Senate Democratic leader Alan Cranston said yesterday.

He said there was a growing feeling in Congress that with the cost of petrol and larger U.S. made cars going up, consumers would turn to smaller foreign cars.

"The rebate proposals are dead," Mr. Cranston told a press conference after attending a congressional breakfast meeting with Mr. Carter at the White House. It was the most pessimistic assessment so far by a Democratic congressional leader of the outlook for the car rebate part of the new Carter energy package.

The president's programme proposes a petrol tax increase of up to 50 cents in the 10 years starting in 1979 depending on energy consumption, a tax of up to \$2,500 on new. big cars with poor mileage, and a rebate for smaller American cars

Treasury Secretary Michael Blumenthal has said talks will have to be held with foreign countries on the question of how imported cars would be affected by the rebate scheme.

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#### rating it. Italian officials were not immediately available for com-FIRST RACE - 3:30 p.m. ment but one cress report sold that the Italian state oil company AGIV had worked out on agreement that an American company would appear the

FOR LOCAL COUNTRY HORSES, BEGINNERS

DISTANCE 1,600 METRES

3.	Rashid Odeh	SAKIR	Khalaf	Salah	57
3.	Rashid Odeh	SIT EL FHAIL	Khalaf	Silmi	52.5
3.	Tawiiq H30es	ALJA 7	Marmar		55.5
₫,	Tawiliq Ksous	jawalat	Marmar	Saad	<b>55.5</b>
5.	Tawiliq Ksous	BINT EL BARK	Marmar	Khalaf	48.5
з.	Dallallah Mohammad	maliea	Owner	Ibrahim	<b>52.5</b>
7.	Gazlio Redrodin	FIINIH	Owner	Atieh	48,5
٤.	Ses M. Maješ	JAWAL	ALS	Mikhail	47

SECOND RACE - 4:00 p.m.

FOR BEGINNER HORSES

**DISTANCE 1,000 METRES** 

Ξ.	Vogel Verss	RADHAN	Marmar	Salameh	57
2.	Wessel Bisharct	MOSTENK	Bilon	Mikhail	57
ვ.∙	Mamdouh Al Hadid	KOTFIAR	Owner	Radwan	55.5
÷.	El Talla'a Stable	SAKLAWI	Sadoun	Talai	54
5.	Sam: Vaqouè	MAHASIN	Kamal	Salah	48.5

مروعوي

THIRD RACE - 4:30 p.m.

FOR BEGINNER HORSES

DISTANCE 1,400 METRES

1. Salf H. Majeli .. . EADDAD ....... All ... .... Hilmi ....... 54 Tanniq Ksous . ... Ku AIES ... .. Marmar ... ... Saad ... ... C. Nadim Al Esjani ... . . 4. Babjat Fazous ... ... A. EL HAWA ... All ... ... ... ... ... ... 54 5. Sarair Ferkeuls . ... ... NAMNOUM . ... Marmat . ... . ... ... 50 6. Wassef Bisharat . . . . . ASHAIRAT .. . . Bilon .. . . Mikhail ... 48.5 FOR THIRD CLASS HORSES

DISTANCE 1,000 METRES

ı.	Semir Farksub	NAHLAWI	Магшаг	Khalaf	58	
2.	Marwan S. Lallas	AJAB	Marmar	Salameh	55	
3.	Mazin S. Lailas	SAMIRAH	Магтаг	Saad	54.5	
4.	Zl Talia'a Stable	SABHAN	Sadoun	Talal	54	
5.	Wassef Biscarct	KHAT EL NAR	Bilon	Mikhail	54	
€.	Nadim Al Dajani	AMER	Kamal	Salah	54	
7.	Tawfig Keous	MIRMAS	Ibrahim	Ibrahim	54	
	Section 1					

FIFTH RACE — 5:30 p.m.

FOR THIRD CLASS HORSES

DISTANCE 1,600 METRES

ī.	Saif H. Mojali	MARHAB	Aii	Talai	58
2.	Aralii 7. Borgan	TUL	Marmar	Salameh	56
S,	Bahjat Fanous	EL TAMRI	Ali		<b>56</b>
4.	H.H. Sherif Jamil L Nase	TSAAD AYMAN	Marmar	Ibrahim	54
5.	Wassef Bisharat	MARTINAZ	Bilon	Mikhail	54
6.	Wassef Bisharat	ZOBA'AH	Bilon	Radwan	54
7.	Sami Yaqoub	FAWAR	Kamal	Salah	54

<u>್ಯಾಲ್ಟ್ರಾನ್ಸ್</u>

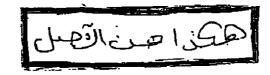
SIXTH RACE — 6:00 p.m.

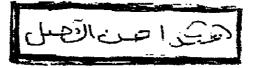
FOR SECOND CLASS HORSES

DISTANCE 2,000 METRES

1.,.	Salf H. Mojali	SINAG	Ali	Hilmi	54
2.	Saif H. Majaii	SHAKHIS	AK		48
3.	Tawfiq Ksous	TARRAD	Ibrahim	Ibrahim	54
4.	Tawfic Ksous	SABIR AYYOUB	Marmar	Saad	48
5.	Yousel Killandi	AREEN	Marmar	Salameh	50
6.	Abboud Shwairi	M. LOBNAN	Marmar	Mikhali	48







FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, MAY 21, 1977

المار المستركبي والمراجع والمر

im the CARROLL RIGHTER INSTITUTE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Don't allow yourself the rury of feeling you are abused or being put upon or you Hen irritate or upset others, or even start to develop a artyr complex. Take time to attend to the little basic nditions of everyday life and you turn a potentially diffi-It day to your advantage.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Some condition at home may quire much tact or it could turn into a battle royal. y more attention to fundamental affairs, also.

'TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Drive with utmost care id avoid costly trouble. Use a smile and turn away wrath others. You can talk yourself out of difficulties.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 20) Do not spend or invest I hore than it is possible for you to do and safeguard savgs. Get the advice of those with financial know-how. MOON CHILDREN (JNune 22 to July 21) Ideal time to

objective and not let emotions get the better of you. eer clear of social functions where arguments are apt occur. Stay close to home. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Concentrate on the opportu-

ties around you to advance and forget problems for the

me being. Avoid arguing with a loved one. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Look for moder income. Don't approach a friend for cool is person is under pressure of some kind. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Look for more ways to add income. Don't approach a friend for cooperation since

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Get involved with a civic oject that means much to you. Ignore a bigwig who does x understand your views. Spend money wisely. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Look on the bright side of

annoying situation. A new contact has ideas that are est disregarded now. Stand pat on money matters. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Make sure you meet

e expectations of others who have power over your afirs and are right. Show you are most efficient. Don't gue with mate or loved one as it coud lead to dire results.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Show friends you can e relied upon and gain their goodwill. Avoid an argugarding a civic matter you disagree with.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Find a new system at can make work more efficient and lucrative in the iture. Do not overdo and mar your health.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Although fun is on your and, you may find that others are argumentative, so njoy pleasures by yourself. Your timing improves.

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kindly patronage. ፟፝ፚ፟ፙፙፙፙፙፙፙፙፙፙፙፙፙፙፙፙፙፙፙ

## TONIGHT'S T.V. FEATURE

MOVIE OF THE WEEK FACE OF A FUGITIVE

Cast: Fred MacMurray, Lin McCarthy

Isely accused of murder, Jim Larson establishes nself in a frontier town under another name and 545 irts a new life.

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## andy capp















## FLINTSTONES







### LAUGHS FROM EUROPE



ENGLAND Wiles "I've just been mugged for my doggie bag!"

# By Barnes THE BETTER HALF. "I wouldn't say anything about Sybil unless it was

WORLD RECORD

good — and believe me, this IS good."

# The oldest national flag in the world is that of

Denmark (a large white cross on a red field), dating from 1219. The crest in the centre of the Austrian flag has its origins in the 11th century. The origins of the Iranian flag, with its sword-carrying lion and the sun, are obscure but "go beyond the 12th century."

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7:55 Caire (EA) 8:10 Agaba

8:20 Dubei (AZ)

11:30 Riyadh, Dhahrar 11:45 Kuwak (KAC)

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ankfurt (LH)
6.20 Aqaba
7:30 Beirut
7:45 Beirut, Paris (AF)
8:00 Tref, Qurayyat, Bada
na, Janf, Hael, Jedda
(SDI)

Beirut (MEA) Rome (AZ) Vienna, Coper

10:30 Vienna, Copenhagen 11:00 Geneva, Amsterdam 11:20 Damancus, Aleppo 12:00 Cairo 12:45 Kwalt (KAC) 13:05 London (BA) 13:30 Jeddah 21:15 Bahram, Doha (BA) 21:15 Doha, Muscat 21:55 Doha, Muscat

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10:15 Scotland 77
10:20 Matthew on M
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News, Press Review Letterbox Music from Wales The World Today News, Press Review Bob Holpess Request

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18:30 Theatre of the Ah
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lajdeh, roving patrol rescue police, (English

# CORED BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF © 1977 by Chicago Tribune

North-South vulnerable. North deals. NORTH **↑** A K 63

♥AQ9 **♦ A83** 🕈 A 74 EAST **•**974 + Q1082 ♥82 **♥763 107 ♦** J964 **♦ K Q 3** 5 **10962** SOUTH

♥ K J 10 5 4 ◇ K Q 5 2 **4**83 The bidding: North East South West

**+** 35

2NT Pass 3♥ Pass Pass 4 0 3 ♠ Pass 4 ♥ Pass 6 ♥ Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: King of 4.

Here's a chance to test

your declarer play. Cover up the East and West hands with your thumbs and decide how you would play six hearts after receiving the opening lead of the king of clubs. North's hand is consider-

ably stronger than its 21 points in high cards. This is due to the fact that the point count tends to slightly undervalue aces and kings. Thus, we agree with North's decision to open two no trump and then to encourage South by showing a good hand in support of hearts.

Those who do not look too deeply into the position might decide that the hand will make only if diamonds break 3-3. They will draw trumps and go after diamonds, ending up down one when diamonds follow the probabilities and split 4-2.

Sharper analysis reveals an improvement on this line.

Draw only two rounds of trumps and then play three rounds of diamonds. That will succeed whenever dia-

monds are 3-3 or when they are 4-2 and the hand with two diamonds holds only two trumps, for then declarer will be able to ruff the fourth

diamond in dummy. That, too, will fail here because East will be able to ruff the third diamond.

The winning line is a dum-

my reversal, which requires little more than a 3-2 trump break. Allow West to hold the first club. Assume he shifts to a trump. Win with

the nine, cash the ace-king of spades and ruff a spade high. Now enter dummy with a trump and, when both defenders follow, you can

almost claim. Ruff a spade, enter dummy with the ace of clubs and ruff a club. Now you get back to dummy with the ace of diamonds to draw

the last trump, discarding a diamond from your hand. The king-queen of diamonds take the last two tricks and the slam rolls home.

# THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME Unscramble these four Jumbles one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. **SCERS**

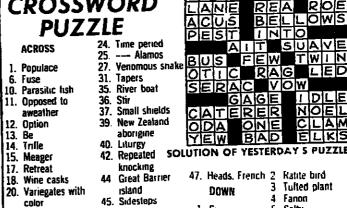
**KLANB** LESTED

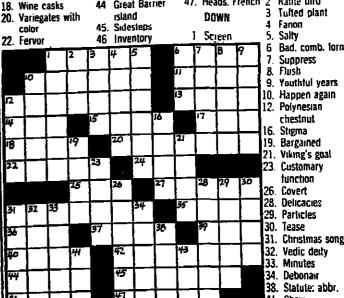
GOES FROM MOUTH TO MOUTH. FIRMON Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

Print answer here:

Jumbles: DOGMA NIPPY ISLAND AFRAID Answer: Politics can be this kind of career-A

## CROSSWORD **PUZZLE**





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30. Tease 32. Vedic deuty 33. Minutes 34. Debonair 38. Statute: abbr. Chew Beverage

"Sout Wa Soura" Tel. 38869. Open from 9 a.m. to I p.m. and 4-6 p.m.

# Measures applied to control, reduce exports of U.S. arms

(AFP). — U.S. President Jimmy Carter yesterday announced six new measures aimed at controlling and reducing the export of U.S. arms.

These measures -- in some cases particularly strict -- will not, however, apply to NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Orga-nisation) member states. Neither will they apply to Japan, Australia, New Zealand and Israel, nor when "extraordinary circumstances necessitate a presidential exception," the statement said.

Further to these, Mr. Carter added that other exceptions will be made "where I determine that countries friendly to the United States must depend on advanced weaponry to up-set quantitative and other disadvantages in order to maintain original balance."

The U.S. which exports some

a year is the world's largest armaments supplier. It controls roughly one-half the world mar-

It has held discussions with the other principal arms sup-pliers -- the Soviet Union, France, Britain and West Germany - - to try to agree on a joint stand aimed at slowing down the general trade in arma-

Thus, Mr. Carter raised the arms question during the re-cent seven-nation Western eco-nomic summit in London and Secretary of State Cyrus Vance has also brought the matter up during current talks he is having in Geneva with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrel Gromyko, White House sources

One of the joint Soviet-American working committees set up in principle by the meeting in Moscow which Mr. Vance had in March, will meet "in

# U.S. general in S. Korea recalled for criticising troop withdrawal plans

WASHINGTON, May 20 (R). — A high-ranking American general in South Korea was due back here today after being recalled to meet President Carter yesterday for criticising the U.S. administration's plan to withdraw American troops from Korea.

The White House said yesterday that Maj. Gen. John Singlaub, Chief-of-Staff in the U.S. forces, Korea headquar-ters, had been told to report to the president in the White

The recall order went to the general after a report in yes-Washington Post which quoted him as saying that the president's plan to withdraw all American troops from South Korea within the next five years would lead to war with North Korea.

Deputy White House Spokesman Rex Granum refused to say specially that the president thought that Gen. Singlaub had been insubordinate and had decided to reprimand him or take other disciplinary ac-

But Mr. Granum said that the policy of staged troop withdrawals from South Korea had been decided on in consultation with the National Security Council and the joint

chiefs-of-staff, "and it remains

our policy."

The White House said the directive to Gen. Singlaub was a reaction by the president to the newspaper report and Mr. Carter wanted the officer to re-

port to him personally.

The Washington Post quoted
Gen. Singlaub -- the third-ranking U.S. army general in Korea -- as saying that he and many other military officers challenged the wisdom of President Carter's plan.

The controversy arose shortly before high-level American-Korean talks are due to open on ways to carry out the presi-

dent's policy. Mr. Philip Habib, Under-Secretary of State for Political Affairs, and Gen. George Brown, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs-of-Staff, are to arrive in Seoul on May 24 as the president's special representatives.



GLUM-FACED -- U.S. Army Maj.-Gen. John K. Singlanb walks towards a commercial plane at Seoul's Kimpo International Air-port in South Korea Friday heading for Washington to report directly to President Carter on his controversial remark on the proposed U.S. troop withdrawal (AP wirephoto).



# in event of African war

NAIROBI, May 20 (Agencies). Britain has told Kenya it will not support Rhodesia's white minority government in the event of an armed conflict with independent Afri-can states, the Kenya News Agency said today.

Mr. Ted Rowlands, Minister of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs, was asked for the assurance yesterday by Kenyan Foreign Minister Munyua Waiyaki.

He assured Dr. Waiyaki that the British government intends to press consultations with Zimbabwe (Rhodesia) nationalists to attain legitimate independence for the co-untry in 1978, according to the agency.

Meanwhile, Mr. William Eteki Mboumoua, Secretary General of the Organisation of African Unity, said in Lusaka last night that Rhodesian leader Ian Smith will not only face Zambia but the rest of Africa if he carries out his threat to invade Zam-

He told a press conference at Lusaka Airport when he arrived from Maputo, Mozam-bique, that Africa would give all the necessary military suport to Zambia.

He said: "I hope that Smith is wise enough not to carry out his threat."

# U.K. won't Young conveys U.S. rejection of Maputo meet's proposals Rhodesia against Rhodesia, S. Africa

United States today rejected draft proposals at a United Nations conference here to impose a mandatory arms emb-argo against South Africa and to rupture all postal and other communications with Rhodesia.

Voicing his country's opposition to the plan, U.S. Am-bassador to the U.N. Andrew Young said, however, that he saw nothing wrong with it and that he felt the majority of Americans would probably agree with most of it.

The so-called Programme of Action, drafted mainly by Third World states at the U.N. Conference on Southern Africa, would have the coercive measures imposed by the Security Council.

Mr. Young told reporters the U.S. would be unable to join a consensus on either the action plan or an accompanying political declaration denounc-ing the white minority governments of South Africa and

He related the decision to efforts for a negotiated settlement in Rhodesia, saying that mandatory sanctions and reprisals would complicate negotia-

"At the same time, I say there is nothing wrong with ei-ther," Mr. Young said. "I would say the majority of the American people could probably subscribe to almost everything, except the cutting off of telephone and postal communi-

The other Western members of the Security Council -- Britain, France, Canada and West have reservations about both drafts.

The majority of the delegates from 90 U.N. member states and black nationalist movements were expected to approve them, however.

There will be no vote on the action programme. A consensus will be held on its resolutions, which will become a series of recommendations to the U.N. General Assembly meeting on Sept. 20.

The programme also proposes a withdrawal of insurance from Rhodesia's ships, aircraft,

The conference, which ends tomorrow, was called to mobilise support for black majority rule in Rhodesia and in Namibia (South West Africa), which is administered by South Africa in defiance of U.N. reso-

The draft text of the programme calls on the General Assembly to convene a special session on Namibia, but only "bearing in mind the evolution of the situation in the territ-

Diplomatic sources said the special session would probably not take place unless there was a total lack of progress in discussions between the Wester powers and the South Africa government, aimed at settle the dispute on terms accept ble to the U.N. The programme propose

The programme propositive application against Rho the application against Rhod esia of all the measures and vided for in Article 41 of the U.N. Charter. These include: total communications emberg and other steps aimed at long lly isolating a country.

The diplomatic sources and

the Western permanent men bers of the Security Come would almost certainly be the proposals if they were as mitted to the council

ly inflame matters," the Hend

ter wants to keep the Cubin out of Rhodesia he should

keep Mr. Young out of dra lation," it said.

Mr. Andrew Young files in to South Africa tomorrow in

an unofficial visit apparent much diluted from origin

He will not now address students at Witwatersmand Un-versity because of lack of time said a spokesman for the Una

ed States Information Servic (USIS) in Johannesburg today

He is also unlikely to vis Johannesburg's restive blad

township of Soweto, scene a some of the worst rioting in

South Africa's black town

plans.

"In short, if President Con

## Young is a "black power fanatic", says Rhodesia's anti-guerrilla chief of verbal incontinence can to

SALISBURY, May 20 (Agencies). — America's Ambassador to the United Nations, Andrew Young, was "no clown but a black power fanatic who has been given open licence to operate on behalf of the United States in the world forum." A Rhodesian government minister said today.

Mr. Roger Hawkins, Minister of Combined Operations, attacked Mr. Young and his statements in a speech opening a new dam here.

"America's use of Mr. Young as an official mouthpiece is a threat to white people throughout the world, as black power surgery can only result in a terminal prognosis for the white man," Mr. Hawkins

In the most bitter attack so far against Mr. Young in Rhodesia, Mr. Hawkins added: "Mr. Carter would be well advised to inform Mr. Young that his human rights campaign includes white people and moderate blacks.

"Mr. Young's uncontrolled hate of a white skin permeates every statement he makes regarding Southern Africa," he said.

"His latest assertion that Rhodesia is deliberately goading its African neighbours in-to asking for Cuban help would seem to indicate that he is advising the black states to use Cuban Marxist intervention on the basis of his previous comment 'what's wrong with communism?'," Mr. Hawkins said.

The attack against Mr. Young follows a letter from Premier Ian Smith to the American government reacting to Mr. Young's claim that Rhodesia was attempting to provoke her neighbours into bringing Cubans into the guerrilla The Rhodesia Herald also

took Mr. Young to task today in an editorial. "Of course, one must hope for the sake of peace in Southern Africa that his think-

When Mr. Young's propose visit was first publicised i Johannesburg two weeks it was reported that he want to visit Soweto, address to students and meet black nation alists leaders.

But the South African government was angered that the visit had not been propos through official channels" as that Mr. Young wanted to se black leaders while not evide tly any member of the admini

# In the third of Frost's five T.V. interviews

# Nixon: A U.S. president is above the law

WASHINGTON, May 20 (R).
- Former President Richard Nixon said in a television interview broadcast last night that a U.S. president has the right to order illegal activities in the interests of national security or internal peace.

mine the question, reliable so-

The six new measures an-

nounced by Mr. Carter yester-day were devised with the col-laboration of the State Depart-

ment, the Pentagon and the Central Intelligence Agency

They are as follows:
(1) A reduction as from 1977 of the global volume of U.S. arms sales abroad. These

will be levelled off at an esti-

(2) The U.S. will not in future

be the first country to intro-

duce modern arms into an area

where they were not in use

(3) The Manufacture or deve-

lopment of modern arms with

the sole target of export mar-

(4) There will be a ban on

kets will no longer be autho-

co-manufacturing agreements of either modern arms or their

major spare parts.
(5) The U.S. will, in certain arms contracts, include clauses

banning purchasing countries from re-exporting American

(6) Representatives of private

arms-manufacturing countries must in future have an authori-

sation from the State Depart-

ment to offer their products

Mr. Carter said in a commu-

nique that these new rules will

be applied, taking into account

the objectives defined by his

administration regarding respect for human rights. The

economic impact of each arms

will also be taken into con-

sideration before the conclu-

sion of any arms transaction,

the communique added.

to developing countries

arms to another country.

mated \$9,000 million.

urces here said.

Mr. Nixon was asked whether he meant to say that presidents could decide to something illegal if they believed it was in the best in-terests of the nation.

Mr. Nixon replied: "Well, when the president does it, that means that it is not ille-"By definition?" asked in-

"Exactly, exactly," the expresident replied. But when Mr. Frost suggested that the former American leader's theory of presidential authority could apply to mur-der as well, Mr. Nixon said: "No, absolutely not."

terviewer David Frost

He said: "There are nuances, which are difficult to explain, but which are there. As far as this particular mat-ter is concerned, each case has to be considered on its me-

In the programme on "The War at Home and Abroad," Mr. Nixon argued that his approval of the so-called Huston Plan in 1970 to spy on opponents of the war was needed to keep the peace at home and to strengthen his hand in dealing with North Vietnam. The former president said he acted to put down war pro-

testors to avoid "a situation where this war would be lost in Washington."

The Huston Plan led to the

White House-ordered burglary in September, 1971, in Los Angeles of the office of the psychiatrist of Pentagon papers defendant Daniel Ells-

berg.
Mr. Nixon denied he knew in advance of the break-in but said if his Domestic Affairs Adviser, John Ehrlichman, later convicted in connection with the burglary, had told him about it: "I would have said, 'go right ahead'." It was partly because of

his attitude to the exercise of authority, in addition to the Watergate scandal that the House of Representatives voted to impeach Mr. Nixon for abusing the power of the presidency.

It was considered to violate principle dating back to Britain's Magna Carta, signed in 1215, enshrining the ideal that "a man's home is his castle" and that even a king was forbidden to enter the humblest cottage uninvited.

Mr. Nixon's statement about

president's right to order illegal activities also contradicted a principle upheld by the U.S. Supreme Court in a 1974 case involving Mr. Nixon him-

In ordering him to turn over to the courts White House tape recordings of conversations relating to Watergate, the Supreme Court ruled that no man is above the law. The decision was a major development in the last period before Mr. Nixon resign-

ed the presidency in August Mr. Nixon in the third of a five-part interview series

with Mr. Frost, also said antiwar protesters had prolonged Vietnam war by one-totwo years.

He admitted that at the time he was "paranoiac" about opponents of his policies, "But paranoia for peace isn't that bad," he added. The former president described himself as perhaps "the last casualty in Vietnam." He said he wanted to be judged by a "single st-andard" for his approval of using government agencies to spy on dissenters and he argued that other presidents had done much the same.

Mr. Nixon took credit for Vietnam and said of his enemies: "The people on the other side were hypocritical, were sanctimonious and they were not serving the best interests of the country."

He said he and his Secretary of State, Dr. Henry Kissinger had shared strong feelings about anti-war dissen-ters: "This is why... I must say, Henry and I felt so strongly about it (dissent) .... "I don't mean to suggest that

everybody that was talking out against the war, deliberately, with intent, was prolonging the war," he said, "but the effect was prolonging the

"Had it not been for division in America, the war would have been ended oneto-two years earlier, in my

Mr. Nixon also said he made his controversial decision to invade Cambodia on advice from Dr. Kissinger, whose role in the Indochina conflict has been much debated and whose supporters maintain that he took a softer line than Mr. Nixon.

But the former president told Mr. Frost he did not act alone in ordering the Cambodian bombing.
On the subject of paranoia a mental derangement de-

fined by delusions of persecution and grandeur -- Mr. Nixon posed the question: "Am I paranoiac about hating people and trying to do them "The answer is: 'At times.

Yes' I get angry at people but ... I believe that an individual must never let hatred rule him."

Asked why he went ahead with the so-called "incursion" into Cambodia in 1970, Jespite questions raised by the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) and other government quarters, Mr. Nixon said: "I acted on the advice of my National Security Council

of course strongly supported The action set off the fiercest protests of the Vietnam

Adviser, Dr. Kissinger, who

"I only regret that I didn't act stronger sooner," Mr. Nix-on said. "It was one of the most effective operations of the war."

He called his detractors "totally wrong" in their assessment of its worth. Mr. Frost arranged the in-

terviews in return for payment to Mr. Nixon of some \$600,000 plus a percentage of the profits from advertising in the

## ing is not typical, for his brand SWAPO demands South Africa's withdrawai

WINDHOEK, South West Africa, May 20 (R). - Black nationalists today demanded South Africa's complete withdrawal from South West Africa can be held in the territory.

The South West African People's Organisation (SWAPO), which is fighting a low-key guerrilla war against South African troops in a campaign for black majority rule, also called for the release of political prisoners. The organisations Deputy

Chairman, Daniel Tjongarero, added in a statement that there was a danger of civil war engulfing the territory if plans go ahead for independence based on proposals drawn up by the South African-sponsor-ed Turnhalle Constitutional Conference. He welcomed the big five

Western power initiative on South West Africa, saying: We want to state categoricalthat SWAPO welcomes any initiative which is genuinely concerned with true independence for Namibia." The Turnhalle conference drew up an independence plan

ernment in which all 11 eth including 100,000 whites wh are outnumbered 10-to-one b

have an equal say. Representatives of the b five Western powers - th United States, Britain, France West Germany and Canad - have twice met the South African government in a b to persuade it that the plan was not acceptable to the out side world.

The West wants internation ally-supervised free election with the participation of SW APO, which is regarded by the United Nations as the to voice of the territory's peop

Mr. Tjongarero said SW APO wanted the withdraw of the entire South Africa presence to pave the way to the open and uninhibits participation of the Namble people in the whole electors process. South Africa rules South

West Africa under an old it

which has been revoked by the

of Nations mandate

# Herbal medicine still has a role to play

Doctors in a London hospital used modern antibiotic drugs to fight infection in a patient's wound after a kidney transplant operation, but they falled. Then it was decided to try a remedy one of the doctors had seen used in Africa -the paw-paw fruit. Strips of the fruit were put on the wound and it healed. In Zambia they recognise the value of herbalists, the traditional healers, with their unrivalled knowledge of roots and plants. They are to take their place in the country's medical services.

LUSAKA (Gemini) — Zambia has embarked on a scheme to incorporate traditional medicine into modern medical practice.

The scheme has received support from university lec-turers and doctors who feel that herbalists have a vital role to play in the treatment of certain diseases. The move follows thorough

research by the National Council for Scientitfic Research, which has analysed certain herbs and found them to have medical properties.

Research employees toured the countryside and collected

roots from herbalists for ex-amination in laboratories. Scientists were able to determine their structures and write up a pharmacopoeia for various herbs.

One herb which interested the medical profession is being used in the treatment of bilharzia with good results. In fact, it was this herb which attracted the National Council for Scientific Research to study traditional potions. Two pure alkaloids were iso-lated from the plant used by villagers and these were tested chemically and found valuable. The other herb which interestresearchers was one used for fertility by women. The

dous importance because it looks at new compounds to cure

According to the late Dr. Dawson Nkunika, who was Secretary General of the National Council for Scientific Research, penicillin has lost its miracle cure reputation as some strains of bacteria are now resistant to it. Dr. Nkunika, who initiated

the scheme, was of the opinion

that some of the herbs could

replace penicillin. Dr. Dewan

CODCOCTIONS were collected and analysed by chemists and doctors. Zambian herbalists have given the scheme very encouraging support. The research has been found to be of tremen-

administered to people suffer-ing from certain diseases made them worse. Dr. Nair has personal proof of the effectiveness of plant medicine. His wife, who suf-fers from asthma, "sleeps like a log" when she takes certain

Mohinder Nath Nair, former

head of the department of bo-

tany at Zambia University, has

strongly defended herbalists and medicinal plants.

He said there was no truth in claims that plant medicine

plant medicine powders and he says her difficulty in breathing is instantly relieved. No matter what some people may say, traditional healers have a vital role to play in the treatment of some diseases. Some people now realise that the approach to a patient by both modern doctors and traditional healers is si-

It is also believed that the traditional healers give more attention to the patients than the hospitals. There has now been an awakening among the people and they have started to take more notice of herba-

It is well known that there are certain diseases today which modern science has falled to cure, but which some of the herbalists have dealt with successfully.

Deputy Director of the Zambia Medical Services, Dr. David Tembo, admitted that some methods used by herbalists might look crude but there were many Zambians walking the streets who had the crude methods to thank.

One prominent Lusaka herbalist, Dr. Thomas Magwaza, said: "I have always had the feeling that we herbalists should work together with doctors in hospitals. I had this feeling as far back as the early sixtles. What I feel should be done is for both doctors and herbalists to try and help as many people as we can, and not let one party feel that they are better than

In order to enhance the programme, the ministry of health has been organising workshops for doctors and traditional healers. Very soon there will be special training programmes for traditional midwives throughout the coun-

The programmes are enabthe programmes are enabling the herbalists to express themselves freely. It is not certainly every day that a medical scientist in Africa has good things to say about African men. Call them harbelicities are that them herbalists or what you will, they have a vital role to



l typical African horbalist with his wares in Lusaka,

